
Profiles - CLI

A profile allows you to create a specific set of characteristics different from the standard SBC defaults. When defining a new instance, for example, you can then use the profile to set the values as you would like them.

Profiles are referenced by other configuration objects throughout the system, and are a means of sharing the same configuration values among multiple object instances.



When using the "show" command to view particular profile attributes, be sure to include the profile name in the command to avoid syntax errors.

Example `show` command to view `ingressIpAttributes`:

```
% show profiles signaling ipSignalingProfile DEFAULT_SIP ingressIpAttributes
flags {
  sip181Supported                disable;
  sip182Supported                disable;
  mapCalledPartyCategoryInPSigInfoHeader  disable;
  noSdpIn180Supported           disable;
  registrationExpiresinExpiresHeader  disable;
  send183OnInitiatingDisconnectTreatment  disable;
  sendSdpIn200OkIf18xReliable        disable;
  sendSdpInSubsequent18x            disable;
}
carrierInformation {
  generateTerminatingCa  disable;
  generateTerminatingCic  disable;
}
[ok][2013-06-22 15:45:04]
```

The following profile types are described in this section:

AoR Group Profile - CLI

Call Routing - CLI

Db Sync Check Profile - CLI

Digit Parameter Handling - CLI

Digit Profile - CLI

DTMF Trigger - CLI

Feature Control Profile - CLI

IP Signaling Peer Group - CLI

Media - CLI

Security - CLI

Services - CLI

Signaling - CLI

SIP CAC Profile - CLI

System Profile - CLI

VoIP Subscriber - CLI

